

# **REPORT OF GEOTECHNICAL SERVICES**

## KENSINGTON AVENUE AREA DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS TAMPA, FL

AREHNA PROJECT NO. B-13-047 February 24, 2014

Prepared For: **City of Tampa** 306 W. Jackson Street, 6N Tampa, Florida 33602

Prepared By: AREHNA Engineering, Inc. 5012 West Lemon Street Tampa, Florida 33609



February 24, 2014

Mr. Al Hoel, P.E. Chief Engineer **City of Tampa - Stormwater Division** 306 W. Jackson Street, 6N Tampa, Florida 33602

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#### Subject: Report of Geotechnical Engineering Services Kensington Avenue Area Drainage Improvements Tampa, FL AREHNA Project Number B-13-047

AREHNA Engineering, Inc. (AREHNA) is pleased to submit this report of our geotechnical services for the referenced project. Services were conducted in general accordance with AREHNA Proposal Prop-13-267.rev dated November 22, 2013. The purpose of our geotechnical study was to obtain information on the general subsurface conditions within the project limits.

This report presents our understanding of the project, outlines our exploratory procedures, documents the data obtained, and includes our evaluation and recommendations.

AREHNA appreciates the opportunity to have assisted City of Tampa on this project. Should you have any questions with regards to this report, or if we can be of any further assistance, please contact this office.

Best Regards,

AREHNA ENGINEERING, INC. FLORIDA BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. 28410

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## **1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The purpose of our geotechnical study was to obtain information on the general subsurface conditions within the project limits. The subsurface materials encountered were then evaluated and recommendations provided regarding the design of subsurface drainage improvements and the repair or reconstruction of the existing streets. In this regard, our deliverable is this written report along with ACAD drawings of our Report of Core Boring Sheet and surveyed boring locations.

We performed a total of 13 Standard Penetration Test (SPT) borings and installed 5 temporary groundwater observation wells. The pavement section varied considerably. The asphalt thickness ranged from 1.5 to 4.25 inches for the 9 locations where a base layer was present. The base (shell stabilized sand) thickness ranged from 3 to 9 inches. Using layer coefficients of 0.44 for asphalt and 0.10 for shell stabilized base, with an average asphalt thickness of 3.25 inches and an average base thickness of 5.67 inches, resulted in a corresponding Structural Number of 2.0, for a properly drained new pavement with these layer thicknesses. Three locations found full depth asphalt with thickness of 3, 5, and 10 inches, with corresponding properly drained new pavement Structural Numbers of 1.32, 2.2 and 4.4.

The current streets are in fair to poor condition. The existing asphalt has a layer coefficient of approximately 0.2 and the existing base is generally saturated and not contributing to the structural capacity of the pavement. This results in an average current condition Structural Number of 0.65. The City of Tampa Technical Standards For Transportation indicate a minimum Structural Number of 2.21 for local streets. The above results are consistent with the current extensive cracking and pavement failure observed within the project area.

There are three issues that contribute to the wet subgrade observed:

- 1. Low permeability clayey sand and clay were found over the area. These soils limit downward flow of water and would also limit the effectiveness of any new underdrains installed.
- 2. Peat with natural moisture contents > 200% and over 60% organics, was found in the borings drilled on Drexel Avenue, Waverly Circle, and Waverly Avenue in the western portion of the project area.
- 3. The adjacent properties are generally higher than the roadway. Rain and irrigation water on these properties result in a groundwater head near the roadway surface elevation.

The ideal fix would include:

- Remove the peat soils from beneath the roadway in the western portion of the project area.
- Remove the existing soils to a depth of 4 feet or more and replace with clean sand (A-3).
- Install FDOT Type III (see FDOT Design Standards Index No. 286) on each side of the road as deep as possible, draining into the storm sewer system.
- Notify residents that excess irrigation substantially reduces pavement life in their neighborhood.
- Install a flexible pavement meeting the City's required Structural Number.

Unfortunately, budget constraints, the presence of existing utilities, and the need to maintain road service into the neighborhood make the above ideal fix unreachable for this project.

If the ideal fix is not obtainable, compromises will need to be reached. We recommend that the City approach the roadway fixes in this neighborhood as a series of smaller pilot projects were the effects of not following the ideal program can be evaluated.

Some of the most severe conditions are found on Kensington Avenue. We recommend underdrains (sloped to drain into the storm sewer system) as deep as possible on both sides of the road, together with a FDOT Type D-2 geotextile placed on the roadway subgrade, a 4-inch thick drainage layer linked to the underdrain system, and topped with 5-inches of asphalt.

The remainder of this report outlines the field and laboratory work performed, the results obtained, and our detailed evaluation and recommendations.



## 2.0 PROJECT INFORMATION AND SCOPE OF WORK

#### 2.1 **Project Area Description and Project Characteristics**

As indicated on Figure 1 in the Appendix, the project area includes Kensington Avenue at the north end, Waverly Place on the east end. Euclid Avenue to the south, and the Selmon Expressway to the west are outside the project limits. The streets within the project area include:

- W. Kensington Avenue
- Waverly Avenue
- W. Waverly Park
- S. Waverly Park
- Waverly Circle
- Waverly Place
- S. Drexel Avenue

The total length of streets in the project area is approximately one mile. The photos below show the range in pavement conditions within the project area.



Cracking and Patching At 3123 W. Kensington Ave



Drexel Avenue Near Waverly Circle



Excessive Overlay For South "Y" At East End of W. Kensington Avenue



Good Pavement Condition at South End Of Waverly Place [Asphalt Thickness = 10 inches]



#### 2.2 Scope of Work

The purpose of our geotechnical study was to obtain information on the general subsurface conditions within the project limits. The subsurface materials encountered were evaluated and recommendations provided regarding the design of subsurface drainage improvements and the repair or reconstruction of the existing streets. In this regard, our deliverable includes this written report along with ACAD drawings of the surveyed boring locations together with a Report of Core Boring Sheet.

The following services were performed to achieve the above-outlined objectives:

- Coordinated utility location services with the City and Sunshine State One-Call.
- Obtained any permits, including City of Tampa Right of Way (ROW) and Temporary Traffic Control (TTC) permits to perform the requested services within the existing roadway. Since this is a residential neighborhood, signs and a flagman were used for traffic control during our drilling operations.
- Performed a total of 13 Standard Penetration Test (SPT) borings and installed 5 temporary groundwater observation wells. We took readings of the groundwater levels prior to backfilling and patching the well locations. The following list summarizes our boring and well locations.

Boring Number	Depth (ft)	Planned Location
B-01	10	North lane, 20 feet east of island at west end of W. Kensington Ave.
B-02	10	North lane at 3123 W. Kensington Ave.
B-03	10	North lane at 3117 W. Kensington Ave.
B-04	25	West lane near intersection of W. Kensington Ave and S. Waverly Park
B-05	10	North lane at 3139 Waverly Ave
B-06	10	North lane at 3113 South Waverly Park (north of intersection of S. Waverly Park and W. Waverly Ave)
B-07	10	North lane at 3140 S. Waverly Park
B-08	10	North lane at 3130 S. Waverly Park
B-09	10	West lane at 3610 S. Waverly Circle
B-10	10	West lane at 3610 S. Waverly Place
B-11	25	W Lane at intersection of S. Drexel Ave and Waverly Circle
B-12	25	NW Corner of intersection of Waverly Place and W. Kensington Ave.
B-13	25	Drexel Avenue, SW of the intersection of Waverly Ave and Waverly Circle
W-01	10	Between south curb and sidewalk at 3128 W. Kensington Ave.
W-02	10	North lane at 3123 W. Kensington Ave.



W-03	10	1 Kei	foot nsingt	north on Ave.	of	curb	at	3123	W.
W-04	10	15 Kei	feet nsingt	north on Ave.	of	curb	at	3123	W.
W-05	10	30 Kei	feet nsingt	north on Ave.	of	curb	at	3123	W.

- Retained Echezabal & Associates, Inc. to survey the ground surface at the boring and well locations to the City criteria of horizontal location relative to the Florida State Plane Coordinate System, Transverse Mercator, West Zone, NAD 83/90 adjustment, and vertical location to the NAVD 88 datum; with at least one temporary bench mark set in the project area and deliverables provided in ACAD format.
- Visually classified soil samples in the laboratory using the USCS and AASHTO Classification Systems and conducted a laboratory testing program.
- The results of the subsurface exploration are presented in this written report, signed and sealed by a professional engineer specializing in geotechnical engineering with the data obtained summarized on standard Report of Core Boring Sheets.
- A general review of a report dated April 22, 2013 titled: *Hyde Park Seepage Evaluation* was provided under separate cover on December 30, 2013.



#### 3.0 FIELD EXPLORATION & LAB TESTING

#### **3.1 Field Exploration**

We performed a total of 13 Standard Penetration Test (SPT) borings and installed 5 temporary groundwater observation wells. The approximate boring locations are presented on the Field Exploration Plan (Figure 2) in the Appendix. The borings were located in the field by referencing from nearby features. After drilling was complete, the borings and wells were located by Echezabal & Associates, Inc.

The SPT borings were performed with the use of a power drill rig using an auger to advance the boring. Samples were collected and Standard Penetration Test resistances were measured at approximate intervals of two feet for the top ten feet and at approximate intervals of five feet thereafter. The soil sampling was performed in general accordance with ASTM Test Designation D-1586, entitled "Penetration Test and Split-Barrel Sampling of Soils."

The temporary monitoring wells were initially advanced by augering to a depth of ten feet. A 2-inch diameter section of slotted PVC well screen was set in each well. The screen was then capped and covered to protect it from damage.

Representative portions of the soil samples were sealed in glass jars, labeled and transferred for appropriate classification.

#### 3.2 Laboratory Testing

The soil samples were transported to AREHNA's soil laboratory and were classified by the Geotechnical Engineer using the USCS in general accordance with the ASTM Test Designation D-2488. AASHTO classifications were also performed. Laboratory tests included Atterberg limits, moisture content, organic content, and single sieve grain size (-200 sieve). The test results are presented below:

Boring No.	Sample Depth (feet)	Percent Moisture Content	Percent Finer (-200 sieve)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index	Percent Organic Content
B-02	2.0 - 4.0	25.4	25.0				
B-02	4.0 - 6.0	19.1	24.0				
B-02	6.0 - 8.0	15.8	22.0				
B-04	1.0 – 1.5	19.8	7.0				3.2
B-05	2.0 - 4.0	284.1	4.4				68.7
B-07	4.0 - 6.0	23.0	23.0	59	21	38	
B-09	2.0 - 4.0	263.3	9.3				61.6
B-10	2.0 - 4.0	54.4		75	27	48	
B-12	4.0 - 6.0	21.9	3.3				3.3



## 4.0 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

## 4.1 USGS Topographic Data

The topographic survey map published by the United States Geological Survey was reviewed for ground surface features at the proposed project location (Figure 3). Based on this review, the natural ground surface elevation within the project area is approximately +10 to +15 feet National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD). The highest elevations are in the northern part of the project area, while the lowest elevations are in the southwestern part of the project area.

#### 4.2 USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Data

A review of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) survey for Hillsborough County, attached as Figure 4, indicates that the soils within the project area consist of Wabasso-Urban Land Complex (mapping unit 58). The NRCS published profiles typically reports soils extending to 80 inches below the ground surface. Excerpts from the published Soil Survey are provided below for reference:

<u>Characteristics of Wabasso-Urban land complex [58]</u>: This complex consists of Wabasso soil that is nearly level and poorly drained and of areas of Urban land. The complex is on broad plains on the flatwoods. The slope is 0 to 2 percent.

Typically, the surface layer of Wabasso soil is very dark gray fine sand about 5 inches thick. The subsurface layer, to a depth of about 21 inches, is light brownish gray fine sand. The upper part of the subsoil, to a depth of about 31 inches, is black fine sand. The middle part, to a depth of about 37 inches, is gray, mottled sand clay loam. The lower part, to a depth of about 48 inches, is brown, mottled sandy clay loam. The substratum to a depth of about 80 inches is light gray, mottled loamy fine sand. In places, the upper part of the subsoil is at a depth of more than 30 inches. In places, the lower part of the subsoil is brown or dark yellowish brown.

The urban land part of this complex is covered by concrete, asphalt, buildings, or other impervious surfaces that obscure or alter the soils so that their identification is not feasible.

Based on the borings performed, the soils at in this project area are similar to the soil unit described above.

#### 4.3 Subsurface Conditions

A pictorial representation of the subsurface conditions encountered by the borings is shown on the General Subsurface Profile, Figure 5 in the Appendix. This profile and the following soil conditions highlight the general subsurface stratification. The Soil Test Boring Records in the Appendix should be consulted for a detailed description of the subsurface conditions encountered at each boring location.



When reviewing the boring records and the subsurface profiles, it should be understood that soil conditions may vary between and away from boring locations.

Boring / Well	Asphalt Thickness -	Base Thickness -
Number	inches	inches
B-01	1.5	9
B-02	3.0	0
B-03	3.5	4
B-04	Not mea	asured
B-05	3.0	6
B-06	3.0	7
B-07	3.0	4
B-08	4.0	6
B-09	3.0	3
B-10	10.0	0
B-11	4.3	3
B-12	4.0	9
B-13	5.0	0

The pavement section varied considerably:

The asphalt thickness ranged from 1.5 to 4.3 in the 9 locations where a base layer was present. The base (shell stabilized sand) thickness ranged from 3 to 9 inches.

Peat was found in the borings in B-05, B-09, and B-11. These borings were drilled on Drexel Avenue, Waverly Circle, and Waverly Avenue in the western portion of the project area. When tested in our laboratory, the peat had natural moisture contents of 263% and 284%, with organics of 61.6% and 68.7%. These organic soils are susceptible to continued settlement and decay.

The subgrade soils in the remainder of the site were sand, slightly silty sand, and clayey sand. These soils were typically underlain by clayey sand and high plasticity clay to the boring termination depths of 10 to 30 feet. Standard penetration test N-values in boring B-1 through B-12 ranged from 2 to 50 blows for 6-inches of penetration. In boring B-13, a loss of drilling fluid circulation was noted at a depth of 18 feet. At 18.5 feet the split-spoon sampler advanced 6 inches under the weight of the drill rod and 14 inches under the added weight of the 140 pound hammer. At a depth of 23.5 feet, the sampler advanced 2.5 feet under the weight of the drill rod. This soft zone likely represents some raveling into the hard limestone found from a depth of 26 feet to the boring termination depth of 30 feet.

A page defining the terms and classification symbols used in the boring profiles is included in the Appendix of this report.

#### 4.4 Groundwater Conditions

The groundwater level was measured in the borings at the time of drilling. The depth to the groundwater ranged from found between depths of 2 and 6 feet at the time the borings were drilled. The deeper recorded



groundwater levels are likely the result of the slow percolation of the groundwater back into the borehole through the clayey soils encountered.

It should be noted that groundwater levels tend to fluctuate during periods of prolonged drought and extended rainfall and may be affected by man-made influences. Temporary "perched" groundwater levels will occur as the result of poor vertical percolation through the upper clayey soils found within the project area.

In order to obtain more representative groundwater elevations, five temporary groundwater monitoring wells were installed near 3123 W. Kensington Avenue. The following table presents the groundwater data recorded.

Well No:	W-1	W-2	W-3	W-4	W-5
Location	Between curb and	North lane of	1' north of north	15' north of north	30' north of north
Location	south sidewalk	Kensington Ave.	curb	curb	curb
Ground Elevation (feet)	15.86	15.75	16.20	17.64	18.89
Groundwater (Depth) & [Elev.]	N/A	(0.9') [14.85]	(1.5') [14.70]	(3.1')[14.54]	(4,4') [14,49]
Measured On 01/29/14	11/24	(0.7) [14.03]	(1.5)[14.70]	(5.1)[14.54]	(+.+)[1+.+)]
Groundwater (Depth) & [Elev.]	N/A	(0.3') [15.45]	$(1.2^{\circ})$ [15.00]	(2,1') [15,54]	(3 3') [15 59]
Measured On 02/03/14	10/74	(0.5)[15.45]	(1.2)[15.00]	(2.1)[15.54]	(3.5)[15.5)]
Groundwater (Depth) & [Elev.]	(0.5') [15.36]	(0.3') [15.45]	(1.0') [15.20]	(26')[1504]	(3.9') [14.99]
Measured On 02/05/14	(0.5)[15.50]	(0.5)[15.45]	(1.0)[15.20]	(2.0)[15.04]	(3.7)[14.77]
Groundwater (Depth) & [Elev.]	(0,4') [15,46]	(0.4') [15.35]	(0.9') [15.30]	(2.6') [15.04]	(37') [15 19]
Measured On 2/14/14	(0.4)[13.40]	(0.4)[13.35]	(0.7)[15.50]	(2.0)[13.04]	(3.7)[13.19]



## 5.0 EVALUATION & RECOMMENDATIONS

#### 5.1 General

Our geotechnical evaluation is based upon the previously presented project information as well as the field and laboratory data obtained during this geotechnical exploration. If conditions are significantly different from those described, or if the subsurface conditions during construction are different from those revealed by our borings, we should be notified immediately so that we might review our recommendations presented in this report.

#### 5.2 Evaluation Of Existing Groudwater Conditions

As indicated below on Figure 5.2.1, the groundwater level is high within the project area. In many places the groundwater level is higher than the sidewalk and pavement.



When soils are uniform and sandy, underdrains can be used to control the groundwater level, as shown below in Figure 5.2.2.



At the project site, much of the soil below the base is clayey sand or clay. These soils have a low permeability. The low permeability tends to reduce the downward flow of water through the clayey soils and result in "perched" groundwater conditions. In addition, as shown on Figure 5.2.3, the low permeability soils severely reduce the lateral effectiveness of underdrains.





In order to facilitate groundwater control, in addition to underdrains, we recommend a drainage blanket underlain by a separation geotextile be used between the pavement and the subgrade. See Figure 5.2.4 below:



The drainage blanket is integral with the underdrain system. The ideal drainage blanket is well graded gravel without fines. Free draining cement stabilized and asphalt stabilized materials can also be used. The stabilized materials result in higher pavement strength, but can clog or the bonding material can strip away with time. The No. 67 stone may rut under heavy traffic loads. The City may want to experiment with drainage blanket materials to find the ideal layer. Our initial recommendation is to use a four inch-thick layer of un-stabilized FDOT No. 67 stone for the drainage layer combined with a full depth asphalt pavement.

In order to properly function, the underdrain system must be sloped to drain into the stormwater system. One-way valves may be used to keep the storm water from back-flowing into the underdrain system.



## 5.3 Evaluation Of Existing Pavement Conditions

As indicated previously, the current streets are in fair to poor condition. The pavement sections encountered in our borings varied considerably. The asphalt thickness ranged from 1.5 to 4.25 inches for the 9 locations where a base layer was present. The base (shell stabilized sand) thickness ranged from 3 to 9 inches.

The existing asphalt has a layer coefficient of approximately 0.2 and the existing base is generally saturated and not contributing to the structural capacity of the pavement. This results in an average current condition Structural Number of 0.65. The City of Tampa Technical Standards For Transportation require a minimum Structural Number of 2.21 for local streets.

There are three issues that contribute to the wet subgrade observed:

- 1. Low permeability clayey sand and clay were found over the area. These soils limit downward flow of water and would also limit the effectiveness of any new underdrains installed.
- 2. Peat with a natural moisture content > 200% and over 60% organics, was found in the borings drilled on Drexel Avenue, Waverly Circle, and Waverly Avenue in the western portion of the project area. These soils also limit downward water flow and have the potential to continue to compress and decay.
- 3. The adjacent properties are generally higher than the roadway. Rain and irrigation water on these properties result in a groundwater head near the roadway surface elevation.

#### 5.4 **Recommendations**

The ideal fix would include:

- Remove the peat soils from beneath the roadway in the western portion of the project area.
- Remove the existing soils to a depth of 4 feet or more and replace with clean sand (A-3).
- Install FDOT Type III (see FDOT Design Standards Index No. 286) on each side of the road as deep as possible.
- Notify residents that excess irrigation substantially reduces pavement life in their neighborhood.
- Install a flexible pavement meeting the City's required Structural Number.

Unfortunately, budget constraints, the presence of existing utilities, and the need to maintain road service into the neighborhood make the above ideal fix unreachable for this project.

Since the ideal fix is not obtainable, compromises will need to be reached. We recommend that the City approach the roadway fixes in this neighborhood as a series of smaller pilot projects were the effects of not following the ideal program can be evaluated.



Some of the most severe conditions are found on Kensington Avenue. We recommend underdrains (sloped to drain into the storm sewer system) as deep as possible on both sides of the road, together with a FDOT Type D-2 geotextile placed on the roadway subgrade, a 4-inch thick drainage layer linked to the underdrain system should then be placed, and topped with 5-inches of asphalt. In this approach, no contribution to the overall pavement Structural Number is supplied by the drainage layer. The required Structural Number of 2.21 is obtained entirely by the full depth asphalt section.

If it is desired to replace the sidewalks of some streets, we recommend that the sidewalks be underlain by at least 4 inches of drainage stone, with any part of the drainage stone in contact with soil wrapped in a geotextile.

As outlined in Figure 5.4.1, our recommended blanket drain / underdrain detail is a modified FDOT Type III underdrain.



The use of fine aggregate between the soils surrounding the underdrain and the geotextile should tend to increase the time before the separation fabric clogs.



## 6.0 BASIS FOR RECOMMENDATIONS

The analysis and recommendations submitted in this report are based upon the data obtained from the soil borings performed at the locations indicated. Regardless of the thoroughness of a geotechnical exploration, there is always a possibility that conditions between borings will be different from those at specific boring locations and that conditions will not be as anticipated by the designers or contractors. In addition, the construction process itself may alter soil conditions. AREHNA is not responsible for the conclusions, opinions or recommendations made by others based on the data presented in this report.



# APPENDIX

Project Area Location Map – Figure 1 Field Exploration Location Map – Figure 2 USGS Topographic Survey – Figure 3 USDA Soil Survey Map – Figure 4 Subsurface Profile – Figure 5 Soil Boring Records Key to Soil Classifications Symbols Boring Survey Sheet Report of Core Borings Sheet



















o DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● SPT N VAL 20 40 60 PL MC 20 40 60 ▲ FINES CONTE 20 40 60	UE • 80 LL 80 NT (%) •
	Pavement - asphalt 1.5 inches, base 9 inc	hes							
	Greenish-gray clayey fine SAND (SC) with	n trace roots [A-2-7]				1			
 	Medium dense greenish-gray clayey fine S	6AND (SC) [A-2-7]	Ţ		SP	T 6-10-13-13 T 12-9-9-23	23		
  10	Very stiff light green high plasticity CLAY (	CH) [A-7-6]			SP	T 12-13-12-12	25	•	
Date I	Drilled: 1/29/14		Ground V	Vater L	evel:				
Drilleo Metho Rema	Drilled By: AREHNA Method: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Test Boring Remarks:			Time o	f Drilling	: 5 ft below e	kisting	grade	
KENSINGTON AVENUE						so	DIL E		
AREHI City of	<b>NA Project No</b> .: <b>B-13-047</b> Tampa - Stormwater Division	AREHNA Engine	REHNA Engineering, Inc.				1		Boring B-01

o DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● SPT N VAL 20 40 60 PL MC 20 40 60 ▲ FINES CONTE 20 40 60	LUE ● 80 LL 80 ENT (%) ▲ 80
	Pavement - asphalt 3 inches								÷
	Very dark brown fine SAND (SP) with root	ts [A-3]			/  A	U			
	Dark grayish-green clayey fine SAND (SC	s) [A-2-7]	\ <u>\</u>		A	U			
5 	Dense to very dense light grayish-green c	layey fine SAND (SC) [A-2	2-7]		SF	PT 4-14-24-27	38		
					]X  s⊧	PT 40-44-50/6"	100+		
	50 blows for 6-inches @ 7 feet				<u> </u>		-		:
	50 blows for 6-inches @ 8 feet				SF SF	PT 50/6"	100+	-	>>
10	Rottom of borobolo at	10.0 foot			1				<u>:</u>
Date D Drilled	Date Drilled:     1/27/14     Group       Drilled By:     AREHNA     Topological		Ground V ▽ At <sup>-</sup>	vater L Time o	f Drillin	a: 2 ft below e	xistina	arade	
Metho	Method: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Test Boring								
Remai	rks:				1				
	KENSINGTON AVENUE					SC	DIL E	BORING LOG	
AREHI City of	<b>NA Project No</b> .: <b>B-13-047</b> Tampa - Stormwater Division	AREHNA	ineering, Inc.			awn By: LEF ecked By: CJF te: 1/31/14	2		Boring B-02

										● SPT	T N VA	LUE	•
-			VEL	Q		ΥΡΕ	≥°S	ш	2	20 4	0 6	60	• 80
(#) (#)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	LE L	APH OG		Ц	BLC	ALU		PL	MC ⊗		L
B			ATEI	GR/		MPI	SPT CO	>- Z	2	20 4	0 6	0	80
0			Ň			S/			▲F			ENT (	%) ▲ ∾
0	Pavement - asphalt 3.5 inches, base 4 inc	hes								<u> </u>			<u>80</u>
	Gray and brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				IX	AU							
	Grav clavev fine SAND (SC) with trace roo	ots [A-2-7]			$\mathbb{H}$					:		:	:
						AU					: :	:	; ; ;
		( ( ( )	<u> </u>		Ш,								
5	Medium dense to dense greenish-gray cla	iyey fine SAND (SC) [A-2-7	/]		$\mathbb{N}$	SPT	4-9-11-10	20			: :		; ;;
					$\mathbb{N}$	0					:	:	:
					$\mathbb{N}$	ODT	10 00 10 10	10					
					$\mathbb{A}$	SPT	12-30-16-12	46			7		••••••
	Dense gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]			<u>~ ~ ~ ~ ~</u>	$\mathbf{N}$					/	/·····	•••••••	••••••
					X	SPT	9-13-21-22	34		••••			••••••
10	Bottom of borehole at	10.0 feet.			1					•		•	<u> </u>
Date I	Drilled: 1/29/14	0	Ground V	Vater L	eve	el:							
Drille	<b>d By:</b> AREHNA		∑ At	Time o	of Di	rilling: 4	1 ft below ex	isting	grade				
Metho	d: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Te	est Boring											
нета	rks:												
	KENSING I ON AVENUE				ļ		SC	NL B	OKI	NG	LUG		
AD				lur.		Drawr	By: LEF					Bo	oring
City of	NA Project No.: B-I 3-047 Tampa - Stormwater Division	AREHNA	ering,	Inc.		Date:	1/31/14					B	-03
.,		L			1								05 /

O DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND Light gray fine SAND (SP) with shell fragm	REMARKS nents [A-3]	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● S 20 PL 20 ▲ FINE 20	EPT N V 40 40 40 S CON 40	/ALUE 60 60 ITENT 60	E ● 80 LL H 80 Γ (%) ▲ 80
	Very dark gray slightly silty fine SAND (SF	P-SM) with organics [A-3]	]		X	AU					· · ·	
	Brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]		Ā			AU						
5	Medium dense brown fine SAND (SP) [A-	3]				SPT	3-7-10-14	17	•••••			
	Medium dense dark gray clayey fine SAN	D (SC) [A-2-7]				SPT	8-8-8-5	16	•••••		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
  _ 10	Stiff greenish-gray high plasticity CLAY (C	H) with some sand [A-7-	-6]			SPT	4-4-6-8	10				
Date I Drilled Metho	Date Drilled: 1/29/14 Drilled By: AREHNA Method: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Test Boring				f Dr	<b>ei:</b> rilling: 2	2.5 ft below	existin	g grade			
Rema	rks:											
AREHI	KENSINGTON AVENUE		neering,	Inc.	-	Drawr Check	By: LEF ed By: CJF		ORINO	, LO	G	Boring B-04
City of	Tampa - Stormwater Division					Date:	1/31/14					

o DEPTH (ff)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND Pavement - asphalt 3 inches, base 6 inche	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● SPT N VAL 20 40 60 PL MC 20 40 60 ▲ FINES CONTE 20 40 60	UE ● <u>80</u> LL 80 NT (%) ▲ 80 80	
	Light gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				ľ	AU					
	Very dark brown PEAT (PT) [A-8]			<u> </u>		AU					
	Very loose very dark, brown silty fine SAN	D (SM) with organics [A-	-2-7] 又		$\left \right\rangle$	SPT	1-1-2-1	3	•		
	Firm to stiff dark greenish-gray high plastic	city CLAY (CH) [A-7-6]				SPT	2-3-3-3	6			
 10						SPT	3-5-7-9	12			
Date D Drilled Metho	Date Drilled:       1/28/14       C         Drilled By:       AREHNA       Method:         Method:       ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Test Boring       C			<b>vater L</b> Time c	<b>_eve</b> of Dr	<b>e:</b> rilling:4	.5 ft below	existin	g grade		
Rema	'ks:										
	KENSINGTON AVENUE						SC	DIL B	BORING LOG		
AREHI City of	<b>NA Project No</b> .: <b>B-13-047</b> Tampa - Stormwater Division		neering,	Inc.		Drawr Check Date:	By: LEF ed By: CJF I/31/14		Boring B-05		

o DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● SPT N VAL 20 40 60 PL MC 20 40 60 ▲ FINES CONTE 20 40 60	UE ● 3 80 LL 3 80 NT (%) ▲ 3 80
	Pavement - asphalt 3 inches, base 7 inche	es								
	Gray and brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				M	AU				
	Dark brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				$\mathbb{H}$					
			<u>×</u>			AU				
	Dark brown slightly clayey line SAND (SP	-30) [A-2-6]			Ш			_		·····
5	Medium dense dark brown slightly clayey	fine SAND (SP-SC) [A-3]			$\mathbb{N}$	ерт	3-7-6-8	10		
	Medium dense grav clavey fine SAND (SC	C) [A-2-7]				351	3-7-0-0	13		•
	Stiff to very stiff greenish-gray high plastic	ity CLAY (CH) [A-7-6]								
					Ň	SPT	4-5-5-10	10		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
								-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
					X	SPT	8-9-15-14	24	·····	•••••
10	Dettern of borobala at	10.0 fact			/					
Date D	<b>Drilled:</b> 1/28/14		Ground V	Vater L	eve	l:				
Drilleo	IBY: AREHNA		⊥ At	Time o	f Dr	illing: 2	.5 ft below	existin	g grade	
Romo	a: ASTMD-1586, Standard Penetration Te	est Boring								
nema	ng.	1								
	KENSINGTON AVENUE						SC	DIL B	ORING LOG	
						Drawn By: LEF				Boring
	NA Project No.: B-13-047	AREHNA	eering,	Inc.		Check	ed By: CJF 1/31/14	{		B-06
	rampa stormwater Division	1				- 2.0.				

DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● S 20 PL 20 ▲ FINE 20	PT N V 40 40 40 S CON 40	(ALUE 60 ) 60 ITENT	E ● 80 LL H 80 F (%) ▲
0	Pavement - asphalt 3 inches hase 4 inches	26			π				20	40	00	00
	Grow find SAND (SP) [A 2]	55			$\left  \right\rangle$							:
	Gray line SAND (SP) [A-3]				IN.	AU						
	Very dark gray silty fine SAND (SM) [A-2-4	4]			111							
					$  \rangle$							
	Very dark gray clayey fine SAND (SC) [A-	2-71		1.1.	N	AU				••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••
		1										
-	Loose dark gray clayey fine SAND (SC) [A	A-2-7]			1/							÷
					1X	SPT	3-4-5-6	9	••••	••••	· · :	
					1/				$\left  \dots \right\rangle$			
	Medium dense gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				$\Lambda /$							:
					X	SPT	5-10-14-7	24	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	• • • • • • • • • • •		
					$ \rangle \rangle$					;	-	:
	Stiff greenish-gray high plasticity CLAY (C	H) [A-7-6]			1/			1	/:			
					X	SPT	4-6-6-6	12				
10					$\left  \right/ \right\rangle$	-				:	:	:
10	Bottom of borehole at	10 0 feet								<b>.</b>		····•
Date I Drilled Metho	Drilled: 1/28/14 d By: AREHNA d: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Te	est Boring	Ground V Ground	<b>Vater L</b> water I	<b>.eve</b> leve	el: I not m	easured					
Rema	rks:											
		1										
	KENSINGTON AVENUE				ļ	D	SC	DIL B	ORINO	5 LO	G	
						Drawr	IBY: LEF				E	Boring
AREH	NA Project No.: B-13-047	AREHNA Engin	eering,	Inc.		Check	ed By: CJF	{				B-07
City of	Tampa - Stormwater Division					Date:	1/31/14					

o DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● S 20 PL 20 ▲ FINE: 20	PT N \ 40 <u>M(</u> 40 S CON	/ALUE 60 C 60 JTENT 60	E ● 80 LL H 80 「(%) ▲ 80
	Pavement - asphalt 4 inches, base 6 inche	es										
	Light brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				N	AU						
	Gray clayey fine SAND (SC) [A-2-7]											
										-		:
					]/	AU			••••••	••••	•••••••	••••
	Very light gray slightly clayey fine SAND (S	SP-SC) [A-3]			Щ							
5	Very dense light gray slightly clayey fine S	AND (SP-SC) [A-3]				0.D.T	0.01.07.05	50			-	:
						SPT	9-31-27-25	58			7	
	Very stiff greenish-gray high plasticity CL	V (CH) [A-7-6]			$\left\{ \right\}$						•••	···
					V	SPT	20-13-9-13	22				;
						0				:		:
										····!···· :	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	···· › ····· :
					XI	SPT	9-12-12-12	24				
10					$/ \setminus$							
Date I	Drilled: 1/28/14		Ground V	later L	evel	l: not m	easured					
Drilleo	d By: AREHNA				2.00							
Metho	d: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Te	est Boring										
Rema	rks:											
	KENSINGTON AVENUE				T		SC	DIL E	BORING	i LO	G	
					┢	Drawr	BVIEF					
						DIAW						
	NA Project No · R-13-047		ooring	Inc		Check	ed Bv: C.IR				B	Boring

o DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● 20 20 ▲ FIN 20	SPT N VA 40 6 L MC 40 6 ES CONT 40 6	LUE ● <u>50 80</u> LL 50 80 ENT (%) ▲ <u>50 80</u>
	Pavement - asphalt 3 inches, base 3 inche	es									· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Light gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				1	AU					
	) (and deals because DEAT (DT) [A 0]				111						:
	Very dark brown PEAT (PT) [A-6]			$\frac{1}{1}$	1 )					:	
F 1					1/1	AU					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Van Jaan van dark brown silty fins SAN	D (SM) with organica [A. 2.	41								
5	Very loose very dark brown sity line SAN	D (SIVI) WILLI DIYALICS [A-2-4	4		IV	ерт					
					$ \Lambda $	571	1-1-1-1	2	T		
	Firm to stiff very dark gray and greenish-g	ray high plasticity CLAY (C	) (H)		$\left( \right)$				· · · · · · · · ·		
	[A-7-6]				V	SPT	5-3-4-5	7			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
						011	0010	ľ	IT		
L _					Y	SPT	3-3-6-7	9			÷
10						0					
	Bottom of borehole at	10.0 feet.						1			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Date D	Drilled: 1/29/14	(	Ground V	Vater L	eve	<b>:</b>	0 0 0 1 W I				
Drilleo	<b>IBy:</b> AREHNA		Ground	water l	ieve	not m	easured				
Metho	d: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Te	est Boring									
Remai	ks:										
	KENSINGTON AVENUE						SC	DIL B	ORIN	G LOG	
					╞	Draw					- ·
						Chool	ad Rv: O IF	2			Boring
	NA Project No.: B-13-04/		ering,	Inc.		Data	.eu by. UJF 1/21/14	ı			B-09
Lity of	rampa - Stormwater Division					Dale:	1/31/14				

o DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● SPT N VAL 20 40 60 PL MC 20 40 60 ▲ FINES CONTE 20 40 60	UE
	Pavement - asphalt 10 inches									
	Brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				N	AU				
	Greenish-gray high plasticity CLAY (CH) [	A-7-6]				AU				
5	Medium dense dark brown fine SAND (SF	P) [A-3]	₽			SPT	4-11-7-5	18	••••	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
 	Stiff greenish-gray high plasticity CLAY (C	H) with sand [A-7-6]				SPT	4-5-6-6	11		
 10						SPT	6-5-6-4	11	•	
Date I Drilled	Drilled: 1/29/14 J By: AREHNA d: ASTM D 1586 Standard Popotration T	act Boring	Ground V	<b>Vater L</b> Time c	<b>_eve</b>	<b>el:</b> rilling:{	5 ft below ex	xisting	grade	
Rema	Method: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Test Boring Remarks:									
	KENSINGTON AVENUE						SC	DIL B	ORING LOG	
AREHI City of	<b>NA Project No.: B-13-047</b> Tampa - Stormwater Division	AREHNA	neering, Inc.		Drawn By: LEF Checked By: CJR Date: 1/31/14					Boring B-10

o DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE TVPE		SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● SPT N VALUE 20 40 60 PL MC L 20 40 60 ▲ FINES CONTENT 20 40 60	● 80 L 80 (%) ▲ 80
_	Pavement- asphalt 4.25 inches, base 3 in	ches								
	Brown and gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]					AU				
	Very dark brown PEAT (PT) [A-8]			<u> </u>	11 '	AU				
	Loose to medium dense very dark brown trace roots [A-2-7]	clayey fine SAND (SC) with			s	SРТ	1-2-3-4	5	•	
					s	SPT	6-4-7-7	11		
	Medium dense dark brown slightly clayey	ine SAND (SP-SC) [A-3]			s	SPT	9-15-14-16	29		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Stiff dark green high plasticity CLAY (CH)	[A-7-6]			X s	SPT	2-4-6	10	•	
					<u> </u>					
	Loose greenish-gray clayey fine SAND (S	C) with roots [A-2-7]			X s	SPT	2-4-4	8		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Very stiff gray silty CLAY (CL-ML) with lim	estone fragments [A-7-6]								
	Weight of rod for 6-inches @ 23.5 feet 100% loss of drilling fluid circulation @ 23	.5 feet			X s	SPT	0-19-8	27	$\bullet$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
25	Bottom of borehole at	25.0 feet.								
Date I Drilled Metho	Drilled: 1/28/14 d By: AREHNA d: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration To rks:	Gi	round V Ground <sup>y</sup>	Vater L water I	evel: evel n	iot me	easured			
	KENSINGTON AVENUE						SO	IL B	ORING LOG	
AREHI City of	<b>NA Project No</b> .: <b>B-13-047</b> Tampa - Stormwater Division		ering,	Inc.	D C Da	rawn hecke ate: 1	By: LEF ed By: CJR /31/14		Bo	oring B-11

o DEPTH (ft)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	● SPT N VALUE ● 20 40 60 80 PL MC LL 20 40 60 80 ▲ FINES CONTENT (%) ▲ 20 40 60 80	
	Pavement - asphalt 4 inches, base 9 inche	es								
=	Pale brown and dark brown fine SAND (S	P) [A-3]	_		1	AU				
						AU				
5	Loose to medium dense brown and dark b	prown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]			$\left \right\rangle$	SPT	2-4-4-4	8	•	
			¥			SPT	6-7-9-14	16	•••••	
 	Very stiff greenish-gray high plasticity CLA	Y (CH) with rocks [A-7-6]				SPT	4-9-8-13	17	•	
										·····
 _ 15					X	SPT	6-8-13	21	•	
								-		·····
 					X	SPT	7-11-6	17		·····
	Soft greenish-gray high plasticity CLAY (C	H) [A-7-6]			$\bigvee$	SPT	3-3-1			
25	Datta and the second of the se	05.0 fact				<u> </u>				
Date D Drilled Metho	Drilled: 1/29/14 1 By: AREHNA d: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Te	est Boring	ound V ∑ At	<b>Vater L</b> Time o	<b>_eve</b>	<b>el:</b> rilling: 6	6 ft below e>	kisting	grade	
Rema	rks:	1								
	KENSINGTON AVENUE						SC	DIL B		
AREHI City of	<b>NA Project No</b> .: <b>B-13-047</b> Tampa - Stormwater Division	AREHNA	ering,	Inc.		Drawn Check Date:	n By: LEF ed By: CJF 1/31/14	1	Borin B-12	g

o DEPTH (ff)	SOIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS	WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG		SAMPLE TYPE	SPT BLOW COUNTS	N-VALUE	20 F 20 ▲ FII 20	SPT ) 4 	N VA 0 6 MC 0 6 CONTI	LUE ( 0 { LL 0 { ENT ( 0 {	● 30 - 30 %) ▲ 30
	Pavement - asphalt 5 inches								,		• •		
	Dark gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				N	AU							:
					$\mathbb{H}$								
L						AU							; ;
	Very dark brown clayey fine SAND (SC) w fragments [A-2-7]	ith trace roots and shell											
	Medium dense dark gray fine SAND (SP)	with clay [A-3]			$\mathbb{N}$			1					
			Ϋ́		X	SPT	4-6-8-5	14	· · · · • • • • • • •				;
	Medium dense to dense dark grav and gr	enish-brown clavey fine		777		)		-					:
L -	SAND (SC) [A-2-7]	serier brown elayey inte			]/	SPT	2-5-11-11	16					: ;
L _					1/				Ň	\			:
					$\lambda$								
						SPT	11-15-20-18	35	••••••				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
						N		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• • • • • • •		: : :
										·/····			
										/			:
									<u> </u>				:
	Stiff greenish-gray high plasticity CLAY (C	H) [A-7-6]				1		-					
						SPT	1-5-6	11	• • •				
15						N		-			• • • • • • •		
													: ;
	Very soft greenish-gray high plasticity CLA	AY (CH) [A-7-6]				ı——		-					:
	Weight of rod for 6-inches @ 18.5 feet	leet				SPT	0-0-0	0					;
20	Weight of hammer for 14-inches @ 19 fee	t				<u> </u>		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		• • • • • • •		; :
													:
													: : :
													:
	Very soft dark green silty CLAY (CL-ML) w	vith shell fragments [A-7-6]				1		-					
	weight of foot for 2.5-leet @ 23.5 leet				1X	SPT	0-0-0	0					•••••
25						N		-					
													:
	Hard LIMESTONE (LS)					1		-					
					X	SPT	4-10-50/5"	100+					>>
	50 blows for 5-inches @ 29.5 feet Bottom of borehole at	30.0 feet				N			· · · · · · · · ·				·
Date I	Date Drilled: 1/28/14			vater L	.eve	91:							
Method: ASTM D-1586, Standard Penetration Test Boring			∑ At	Time o	of Di	rilling: 8	5 ft below ex	isting	grade				
Remarks:													
								י וו	0014		00		
				ļ		<u> </u>		UKI	NU L	.00	1		
ADC11				lue c		Drawr	1 BY: LEF (ed By: C IP	2				Bo	ring
City of	AREHNA Project No.: B-13-047 AREHNA Engin			INC.		Date:	1/31/14	-				B	-13

DEPTH (ft)	S	OIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS		WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE TYPE
	Very dark brown fine SAND (SP) with rock	<s [a-3]<="" td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></s>					
							И
_							
	Brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]						2I
	Gray to green clayey fine SAND (SC) [A-2	-/]					$\langle    $
	Green high plasticity CLAY (CH) [A-7-6]				-		/
5							
							1
							И
							(
10							
		Bottom of borehole a	t 10.0 feet.				
Date I	Drilled: 1/29/14		Ground Water Lev	el:			
Drilled	<b>JBy:</b> AREHNA		Groundwater lev	ei not measured			
Metho	d: Auger Boring						
Rema	rks:						
	KENSINGTON AVENUE			SOIL BORING	i LO	G	
				Drawn By: LEF		F	Borina
AREH	NA Project No.: B-13-047	AREHNA Engir	neering, Inc.	Checked By: CJR			W-01
City of	Tampa - Stormwater Division			Dale. 1/31/14			

DEPTH (ft)	S	OIL DESCRIPTION AND	) REMARKS		WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE TYPE
	Pavement - asphalt 3 inches						
	Very dark brown to brown fine SAND (SP)	) [A-3]					<u> </u>
	Light brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]						
						1	
	Pale brown silty fine SAND (SM) [A-2-4]						
	Green clayey fine SAND (SC) [A-2-7]						
5							(   AU
							N I
							N I
							(
	Green high plasticity CLAY (CH) [A-7-6]						
							<u> </u>
10							
		Bottom of borehole a	t 10.0 feet.				
	Nillodi 1/09/14		Ground Water Lev	rel:			
Date I Drilled Metho	Drilled: 1/28/14 J By: AREHNA Id: Auger Boring			Drilling: 1 ft below existing grade Drilling: 0.9 ft below existing grade			
Rema	rks:			••			
	KENSINGTON AVENUE			SOIL BORING	LOC		
AREHI City of	NA Project No.: B-13-047 Tampa - Stormwater Division	AREHNA Engir	neering, Inc.	Drawn By: LEF Checked By: CJR Date: 1/31/14		E	Boring W-02

DEPTH (ft)	S	OIL DESCRIPTION AND	) REMARKS		WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE TYPE
0	Dark gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]						
							N I
	Dark brown fing SAND (SP) [A-3]				¥		
					-		IXI I
- <u> </u>	Brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]						
	Green clayey fine SAND (SC) [A-2-7]						
5							(  AU
							N I
	Green high plasticity CLAY (CH) [A-7-6]						И
							$\langle    $
10							
			1				
Date I	Drilled: 1/28/14		Ground Water Lev	el:			
Drilleo	By: AREHNA		<u> </u>	orilling: 1.7 ft below existing grade			
Rema	a: Auger Boring		24 Hrs. After	Drilling: 1.5 ft below existing grade			
. ierna	·····						
	KENSINGTON AVENUE			SOIL BORING	LC	G	
				Drawn By: LEF			Borina
AREH	NA Project No.: B-13-047	AREHNA Engir	neering, Inc.	Checked By: CJR			W-03
City of	Tampa - Stormwater Division			Date: 1/31/14			

	NA Project No · R-13-047	AREHNA Engineering Inc.	Drawn By: LEF Checked By: CJR		E	Boring
	KENSINGTON AVENUE		SOIL BORING	LO	G	
Rema	rks:					
Metho	bd: Auger Boring	⊻ At Time of ▼ 24 Hrs. Afte	Drilling: 3 ft below existing grade er Drilling: 3.1 ft below existing grade			
Date I	Drilled: 1/28/14 d Bv: ABEHNA	Ground Water Le	evel:			
		1				
		Bottom of borehole at 10.0 feet.				
10						
	Green clayey tine SAND (SC) [A-2-7]					
L						$\langle  $
	Dark brown fine SAND (SP) with green cl	ayey sand [A-3]				
5						AU
	Dark brown fine SAND (SP) with some ce	ement sand [A-3]		-		
				¥		
	Very dark brown fine SAND (SP) with trac	ce silty sand [A-3]				$\langle  $
	Light gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]					
				WAT	G	SAN
DEPTH (ft)	S	OIL DESCRIPTION AND REMARKS		ER LEVE	RAPHIC LOG	РLЕ ТҮР
				Ш		Ë

DEPTH (ft)	S	OIL DESCRIPTION AND	REMARKS		WATER LEVEL	GRAPHIC LOG	SAMPLE TYPE
0	Light gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]						
	Gray fine SAND (SP) [A-3]						/
	Dark brown fine SAND (SP) [A-3]				₹		
5							AU
	Dark brown fine SAND (SP) with green cla	ayey sand [A-3]					
	Green clayey fine SAND (SC) with limesto	one fragments [A-2-7]			-		
							M
10							
Date I	Drilled: 1/28/14		Ground Water Lev	rel:			
Drilleo Metho Rema	d By: AREHNA d: Auger Boring rks:		∑ At Time of E ▼ 24 Hrs. After	Drilling: 4.3 ft below existing grade Drilling: 4.4 ft below existing grade			
	KENSINGTON AVENUE			SOIL BORING	LO	G	
AREHI City of	NA Project No.: B-13-047 Tampa - Stormwater Division	AREHNA	neering, Inc.	Drawn By: LEF Checked By: CJR Date: 1/31/14			Boring W-05

	I						KEY T	OSYN	IBOLS	
AREHNA   Engineering, Inc. CLIENT _City of Tampa - Stormwater Division PROJECT NUMBER _B-13-047				PROJECT NAME _Kensington Avenue						
	DLOGIC SYMBOLS ed Soil Classification Sy PAVEMENT: Pavement SC: Clayey Sand CH: High Plasticity Clay SP: Poorly-graded Sand	rstern)		SAMPLER SYMBOLS         Image: Image						
	SP-SM: Poorly-graded Sand with Silt PT: Peat SM: Silty Sand SP-SC: Poorly-graded Sand with Clay CL-ML: Low Plasticity Silty Clay			Standard Penetration ResistancesSAND &No. of BlowsRelative Density0-4Very Loose5-10Loose11-30Medium Dense31-50DenseGreater than 50Very Dense						
				SILT CLA	& Y	No. of BlowsConsistencey0 - 2Very Soft3 - 4Soft5 - 8Firm9 - 15Stiff16 - 30Very StiffGreater than 30Hard				
	LS: Limestone			LIMESTONE No. of Blows Consistencey 10 - 20 Soft 21 - 50 Medium 51 - 50/3" Hard Greater than 50/3" Very Hard WOR = Weight of Rod WOH = Weight of Hammer						
				Grov	Level a Shown Level A Shown	Vater Lev t Time Drillin fter 24 Hour	<b>rel Measu</b> g, s,	irements	;	
LL       -       LIQUID LIMIT (%)         PI       -       PLASTICITY INDEX (%)         W       -       MOISTURE CONTENT (%)         DD       -       DRY DENSITY (PCF)         NP       -       NON PLASTIC		FINE GRAINED SOILS	SOI	SOIL BOUNDARY CLASSIFICATIONS         COARSE GRAINED SOILS         SAND					Boulders	
-200 - PER( PP - POC)	CENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE (ET PENETROMETER (TSF)	#2 Sie	Fine Medium Coarse Fine Coarse 200 #40 #10 #4 3/4-inch 3-inch 12-inch ieve Sieve Sieve					inch		





= B-08 BORI N DATE - HA - HA - 58 - 22 - 24	NG NO. = B-09 = 01/29/14 N HA 2 7 9	BORING N DATE = 01/	D. = B-10 29/14 HA HA 18 11 11							
D										
PAVEMENT		SC : CLAYEY SA	ND							
SP : FINE SAND	E	PT: PEAT								
SP-SM : SLIGHTLY SILTY FINE SAND										
SP-SC : SLIGHTLY CLAYEY FINE SAND										
SM : SILTY SAND		LS : LIMESTON	E							
SPT 'N' VALUE WATER TABLE 24-HR WATER TABLE	WOH WEIGH WOR WEIGH HA HAND	IT OF HAMMER IT OF ROD AUGER								
IATERIAL\$- RELATIVE	SPT (BLOWS	'FT)								
AYS CONSISTENCY	LESS T 5-10 11-30 31-50 GREAT SPT (BLOWS LESS TH 3-4 5-8 9-15 18-30 30-50 GREATE	HAN 5 ER THAN 50 (FT) HAN 3 ER THAN 50								
F CORE BORINGS		PROJECT NO.	SHEET NO.							
venue Improvem ampa, FL	ents	B-13-047	1							